## SCHEDULE B (Form 1040A or 1040)

**Interest and Ordinary Dividends** 

OMB No. 1545-0074 20

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Attach to Form 1040A or 1040.

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99)		<ul> <li>Attach to Form 1040A or 1040.</li> <li>Information about Schedule B and its instructions is at www.irs.gov/scheduleb.</li> </ul>		Attachment Sequence No. <b>08</b>		
Name(s) shown on r	eturn		Your	social securit		
Part I Interest	1	List name of payer. If any interest is from a seller-financed mortgage and the buyer used the property as a personal residence, see instructions on back and list		Amo	ount	
interest		this interest first. Also, show that buyer's social security number and address ►				
(See instructions on back and the instructions for Form 1040A, or Form 1040,			1			
line 8a.)						
<b>Note.</b> If you received a Form 1099-INT, Form 1099-OID, or						<u> </u>
substitute statement from a brokerage firm, list the firm's						
name as the payer and enter	2	Add the amounts on line 1	2			_
the total interest shown on that form.	3	Excludable interest on series EE and I U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989. Attach Form 8815.	3			
	4	Subtract line 3 from line 2. Enter the result here and on Form 1040A, or Form 1040, line 8a	4	Amo	unt	
Part II	5	List name of payer			Juni	
Ordinary Dividends (See instructions on back and the instructions for Form 1040A, or Form 1040, line 9a.)			5			
Note. If you received a Form 1099-DIV or substitute statement from a brokerage firm, list the firm's name as the payer and enter						
the ordinary dividends shown on that form.	6	Add the amounts on line 5. Enter the total here and on Form 1040A, or Form 1040, line 9a	6			
		If line 6 is over \$1,500, you must complete Part III.	<b>h)</b> h = -			
	foreigr	ust complete this part if you (a) had over \$1,500 of taxable interest or ordinary dividends; ( n account; or (c) received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or a transferor to, a forei	gn tru	st.	Yes	No
Part III Foreign	<i>'</i> a	At any time during 2014, did you have a financial interest in or signature authority ov account (such as a bank account, securities account, or brokerage account) located country? See instructions				
Accounts and Trusts (See	If "Yes," are you required to file FinCEN Form 114, Report of Foreign Bank and Financial         rusts         If accounts (FBAR), to report that financial interest or signature authority? See FinCEN Form 114         and its instructions for filing requirements and exceptions to those requirements					
instructions on back.)	b	If you are required to file FinCEN Form 114, enter the name of the foreign country will financial account is located				
	8	During 2014, did you receive a distribution from, or were you the grantor of, or trans foreign trust? If "Yes," you may have to file Form 3520. See instructions on back .				

# General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

#### **Future Developments**

For the latest information about developments related to Schedule B (Form 1040A or 1040) and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/scheduleb.

#### Purpose of Form

Use Schedule B if any of the following applies.

 You had over \$1,500 of taxable interest or ordinary dividends

 You received interest from a seller-financed mortgage and the buyer used the property as a personal residence.

You have accrued interest from a bond.

• You are reporting original issue discount (OID) in an amount less than the amount shown on Form 1099-OID.

· You are reducing your interest income on a bond by the amount of amortizable bond premium.

• You are claiming the exclusion of interest from series EE or I U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989.

· You received interest or ordinary dividends as a nominee

 You had a financial interest in, or signature authority over, a financial account in a foreign country or you received a distribution from, or were a grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust. Part III of the schedule has questions about foreign accounts and trusts.

# Specific Instructions



You can list more than one payer on each entry space for lines 1 and 5. but be sure to clearly show the amount paid next to the payer's name. Add the separate amounts paid by the payers

listed on an entry space and enter the total in the "Amount" column. If you still need more space, attach separate statements that are the same size as the printed schedule. Use the same format as lines 1 and 5, but show your totals on Schedule B. Be sure to put your name and social security number (SSN) on the statements and attach them at the end of your return.

### Part I. Interest

Line 1. Report on line 1 all of your taxable interest. Taxable interest should be shown on your Forms 1099-INT. Forms 1099-OID. or substitute statements. Include interest from series EE, H, HH, and I U.S. savings bonds. List each payer's name and show the amount. Do not report on this line any tax-exempt interest from box 8 or box 9 of Form 1099-INT. Instead, report the amount from box 8 on line 8b of Form 1040A or 1040. If an amount is shown in box 9 of Form 1099-INT, you generally must report it on line 12 of Form 6251. See the Instructions for Form 6251 for more details.

Seller-financed mortgages. If you sold your home or other property and the buyer used the property as a personal residence, list first any interest the buyer paid you on a mortgage or other form of seller financing. Be sure to show the buyer's name, address, and SSN. You must also let the buyer know your SSN. If you do not show the buyer's name, address, and SSN, or let the buyer know your SSN, you may have to pay a \$50 penalty.

Nominees. If you received a Form 1099-INT that includes interest you received as a nominee (that is, in your name, but the interest actually belongs to someone else), report the total on line 1. Do this even if you later distributed some or all of this income to others. Under your last entry on line 1, put a subtotal of all interest listed on line 1. Below this subtotal, enter "Nominee Distribution" and show the total interest you received as a nominee. Subtract this amount from the subtotal and enter the result on line 2.



If you received interest as a nominee, you must give the actual owner a Form 1099-INT unless the owner is your spouse. You must also file a Form 1096

and a Form 1099-INT with the IRS. For more details, see the General Instructions for Certain Information Returns and the Instructions for Forms 1099-INT and 1099-OID

Accrued interest. When you buy bonds between interest payment dates and pay accrued interest to the seller, this interest is taxable to the seller. If you received a Form 1099 for interest as a purchaser of a bond with accrued interest. follow the rules earlier under Nominees to see how to report the accrued interest. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "Accrued Interest."

Original issue discount (OID). If you are reporting OID in an amount less than the amount shown on Form 1099-OID, follow the rules earlier under Nominees to see how to report the OID. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "OID Adjustment.

Amortizable bond premium. If you are reducing your interest income on a bond by the amount of amortizable bond premium, follow the rules earlier under Nominees to see how to report the interest. But identify the amount to be subtracted as "ABP Adjustment."

Line 3. If, during 2014, you cashed series EE or I U.S. savings bonds issued after 1989 and you paid qualified higher education expenses for yourself, your spouse, or your dependents, you may be able to exclude part or all of the interest on those bonds. See Form 8815 for details.

### Part II. Ordinary Dividends



You may have to file Form 5471 if, in 2014, you were an officer or director of a foreign corporation. You may also have to file Form 5471 if, in 2014, you owned 10% or more of the total

(a) value of a foreign corporation's stock, or (b) combined voting power of all classes of a foreign corporation's stock with voting rights. For details, see Form 5471 and its instructions.

Line 5. Report on line 5 all of your ordinary dividends. This amount should be shown in box 1a of your Forms 1099-DIV or substitute statements. List each payer's name and show the amount.

Nominees. If you received a Form 1099-DIV that includes ordinary dividends you received as a nominee (that is, in your name, but the ordinary dividends actually belong to someone else), report the total on line 5. Do this even if you later distributed some or all of this income to others. Under your last entry on line 5, put a subtotal of all ordinary dividends listed on line 5. Below this subtotal, enter "Nominee Distribution" and show the total ordinary dividends you received as a nominee. Subtract this amount from the subtotal and enter the result on line 6.



If you received dividends as a nominee, you must give the actual owner a Form 1099-DIV unless the owner is your spouse. You must also file a Form 1096 and a Form 1099-DIV with the IRS. For more details, see the General Instructions for Certain

## 1099-DIV Part III. Foreign Accounts and Trusts

Information Returns and the Instructions for Form



Regardless of whether you are required to file FinCEN Form 114 (FBAR), you may be required to file Form 8938, Statement of Specified Foreign Financial Assets, with your income tax

return. Failure to file Form 8938 may result in penalties and extension of the statute of limitations. See www.irs.gov/form8938 for more information.

Line 7a-Question 1. Check the "Yes" box if at any time during 2014 you had a financial interest in or signature authority over a financial account located in a foreign country. See the definitions that follow. Check the "Yes" box even if you are not required to file FinCEN Form 114, Report of Foreign Bank and Financial Accounts (FBAR).

Financial account. A financial account includes, but is not limited to, a securities, brokerage, savings, demand, checking, deposit, time deposit, or other account maintained with a financial institution (or other person performing the services of a financial institution). A financial account also includes a commodity futures or options account, an insurance policy with a cash value (such as a whole life insurance policy), an annuity policy with a cash value, and shares in a mutual fund or similar pooled fund (that is, a fund that is available to the general public with a regular net asset value determination and regular redemptions).

Financial account located in a foreign country. A financial account is located in a foreign country if the account is physically located outside of the United States. For example, an account maintained with a branch of a United States bank that is physically located outside of the United States is a foreign financial account. An account maintained with a branch of a foreign bank that is physically located in the United States is not a foreign financial account

Signature authority. Signature authority is the authority of an individual (alone or in conjunction with another individual) to control the disposition of assets held in a foreign financial account by direct communication (whether in writing or otherwise) to the bank or other financial institution that maintains the financial account. See the FinCEN Form 114 instructions for exceptions. Do not consider the exceptions relating to signature authority in answering Question 1 on line 7a.

Other definitions. For definitions of "financial interest," "United States," and other relevant terms, see the instructions for FinCEN Form 114.

Line 7a-Question 2. See FinCEN Form 114 and its instructions to determine whether you must file the form. Check the "Yes" box if you are required to file the form; check the "No" box if you are not required to file the form

If you checked the "Yes" box to Question 2 on line 7a, FinCEN Form 114 must be electronically filed with the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) at the following website: http://bsaefiling. fincen.treas.gov/main.html. Do not attach FinCEN Form 114 to your tax return. To be considered timely, FinCEN Form 114 must be received by June 30, 2015.



If you are required to file FinCEN Form 114 but do not properly do so, you may have to pay a civil penalty up to \$10,000. A person who willfully fails to

report an account or provide account identifying information may be subject to a civil penalty equal to the greater of \$100,000 or 50 percent of the balance in the account at the time of the violation. Willful violations may also be subject to criminal penalties.

Line 7b. If you are required to file FinCEN Form 114, enter the name of the foreign country or countries in the space provided on line 7b. Attach a separate statement if you need more space.

Line 8. If you received a distribution from a foreign trust, you must provide additional information. For this purpose, a loan of cash or marketable securities generally is considered to be a distribution. See Form 3520 for details

If you were the grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust that existed during 2014, you may have to file Form 3520

Do not attach Form 3520 to Form 1040. Instead. file it at the address shown in its instructions.

If you were treated as the owner of a foreign trust under the grantor trust rules, you are also responsible for ensuring that the foreign trust files Form 3520-A. Form 3520-A is due on March 16. 2015, for a calendar year trust. See the instructions for Form 3520-A for more details.